

For President:

RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,

OF OHIO.

For Vice President:

WILLIAM A. WHEELER,

OF NEW YORK.

WAGES AND LABOR.

It is conceded that wages for unskilled labor is falling faster than the staples of living. Unfortunately this is always so; and when food, clothing and rents advance, manual labor is about the last thing to "go up." The cause of this may be attributed, chiefly to the fact that the great army of labor is unorganized; and, like an undisciplined military force, it fails to accomplish what is most desired, and what would be for the mutual advantage of all.

The cost of living is too dear to-day, and the toiler pays out, relatively, faster than he earns. Wheat commands but a trifle over a dollar a bushel in the Western States, and good family flour is sold there at five to six dollars per barrel. Beef cattle are cheaper now, in all parts of the country, than before the Rebellion. Vegetable food, and other staples of living, net the producer but a nominal profit. What can we do to increase or persuade the trading classes "come down" on the price of wheat, beef and other chief staples of life? There is no justice in pay that is now demanded for those staples. Look at patient, sweating, unrepining labor: Wages are reduced twice and thrice in manufacturing, mechanical and agricultural districts; and worse off-work is all that a large toiler can command to-day. And mines are closed or paralyzed; work shops are comparatively idle; all trades are crowded with idlers, and yet our bread and Sunday meat are as dear! What shall we do to labor and living—our own expenditures?

LYNN P. MYERS, favorably known in San Francisco, through his work on the Pacific coast, and his advertising, news-writing and writer for Montgomery's circus and menagerie, owing to a serious nervous disorder, brought on by indigestion, overwork and travel, has, by the advice of his physician, recently resigned his position and gone to Chicago to rest and recuperate. Mr. Myers has been induced to accept a position as general advertiser on the great Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania Railway, with headquarters in Chicago. His very extensive and wide spread acquaintance with the press and public, extending through many years, will be an advantage to Mr. Myers in his new field of labor. He is a wide-awake business man and a genial gentleman.

The New York Board of Health has taken upon itself the authority to prohibit anything in the way of public funerals where the dead are victims of small-pox, scarlet fever, whooping cough or other contagious diseases. The necessity for preventing the spread of diseases in great cities is ample justification for such a step as this, however severe it may seem in some cases.

Rev. Benson, a colored pastor at Iowa City, Iowa, is a bad man. He has become thoroughly demoralized—aye, more—Brooklynized. His trial took place a day or two ago, and his able brethren decided, with the almost unanimity, "dat our erring brother step down and go out immediately if not sooner for de good obuse." So he has stepped.

China and Spain appear to be on the verge of a quarrel. China declares her intention to put an end to the infamous Coolie export if possible, and Spain, through her Minister at Hong Kong, announces her determination to continue it. It is a question in which the whole civilized world has an interest.

LATE balloon shipments embrace \$2,000 from the Arizona mine, \$3,000 from the General Thomas, \$15,000 from the Justice, and \$8,000 from the Northern Belle.

TRADE-DOLLARS are already beginning to be few and far between as compared with the good of them that were everywhere a week or two ago.

Expected home in a month, when, it is said, the commerce stamping in the interest of the Republican party.

There are two cases of small pox in the Washoe county pest house, one of them came from San Francisco.

THE FUTURE PEACE OF EUROPE ASSURED.

There are three great powers on the Continent that control the destinies of the Old World. These are Austria, Germany and Russia. The first two are imperial governments; the latter is "a despotism tempered to assassination." They are gigantic nations, and combined in a military movement can place more than four million soldiers in the field. Hence, any movement foreshadowing hostilities by one, or all, of these governments, creates great anxiety among the people of Europe, and a peculiar interest throughout the civilized world.

A semi-official announcement at Vienna informs us of the concentration of three hundred and twenty thousand Austrian troops on the south-eastern frontiers of that Empire, in early Autumn. The object is ostensibly for drill and field manoeuvres; yet why Austria should make so large and expensive a demonstration upon her frontiers, and in the immediate vicinity of the revolting provinces of Turkey, is an inexplicable and mysterious question. Such a vast military demonstration is unusual with any European power—even with France under the Third Empire, when Napoleon III. boasted, and believed, that he was the arbiter of Europe. The existing uncertainties of peace in Turkey can be the only reason for the concentration of so large an army of Austrians on the borders of the Ottoman Empire.

The attitude of Russia toward "the sick man of Turkey," is to-day what it was before the war in the Crimea. The Czar never ceases to maintain a large and well-disciplined army within sight of the Danube; and he has now no less than three powerful army corps within a few days' march of the Turkish frontier. Now, whether it is the result of a preconcerted understanding between Francis Joseph II. and Alexander II.; or whether it is the determination of one of these great powers to thwart the other, remains to be seen. Austria has for years desired to possess and control the territory on each bank of the Danube; and Russia has a chronic and determined wish to control the Dardanelles; and hence there is some meaning in these great powers concentrating their armies near the Sultan's domains.

The German Empire, as is well-known, is in full sympathy with the Czar in his cravings to swallow up Turkey; and since the humiliation of Francis Joseph at Sadowa, Emperor William has been chafed and joked, and drunk Munich beer with his humbled brother of the House of ancient Bohemia. Then, what should prevent Germany giving her full consent and permission for the dismemberment of the Turkish Empire? For a handsome consideration to Prince Bismarck, and for another consideration to the German Empire for the annexation of contiguous territory—say Denmark and the Netherlands—why, then, the venerable ruler of United Germany would willingly allow Austria and Russia to have their own way, and blot Turkey from the map of Europe.

HOW OTHERS SEE IT.

A Chicagoan's Description of the Nevada Quartz Mill—How Gold and Silver are Separated from the Rock.

(Corr. Chicago Journal)

PHILADELPHIA, July 11, 1876.

An interesting object to be seen in Machinery Hall is the

NEVADA QUARTZ MILL.

From which, as seen in operation, a good idea may be formed of the manner in which gold and silver are separated from the rock in which they lie embedded. The ore, as it comes from the mines, is placed in small bags, and then broken into tolerably fine lumps. After being crushed in an automatic feeder, the ore is placed under five powerful crushers, weighing 1,500 pounds each, which are raised by steam power. In this mangled condition the ore is passed over screens so finely woven that a pin's head could hardly be pressed through it. While undergoing the crushing process, water is applied, and as the mass of mineral passes to the screens it is washed through into a trough below. From this trough it is carried into a large tank, where it is permitted to settle. Next it is passed to an amalgamating pan, where fresh water is added, and the whole mass set in motion by numerous revolving shafts fixed in the pan. During the stirring up process, heat is applied to the cauldron, and when the temperature reaches the boiling point, a little mercury is thrown in, forming a chemical combination with the precious metal. After being stirred till a perfect amalgamation has taken place, the amalgamated stuff is passed into a large settling pan, which has revolving arms near the bottom. When it has been sufficiently settled, the amalgam and mercury, by their specific gravity, pass through a slot in the bottom of the pan into a recess, and then placed in sacks for the purpose of filtering the mercury. The amalgam is placed in a still and heated so as to volatilize the mercury, which is subsequently condensed by a water process. By this time the pure metal is ready to be sacked and sent to the Mint, to be coined or worked up into ornamental articles. The machine draws around it a great many spectators who seem to be deeply interested in its operations. An hour's investigation of the crusher will give any intelligent person a fair idea of reducing gold and silver ores to a condition ready for being converted into coin or jewelry.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

The Prospect—Put the Saddle on the Right Horse—Getting Hot, and the Thermometer in the Nineties—Two More Appropriation Bills Passed—The Impassioned Trial Near at Hand—The Heated Tornado.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10.

Every day brings cheering news from all sections of the Union, of the enthusiastic interest shown by the friends of Hayes and Wheeler, in inaugurating a campaign fraught with results upon which the future prosperity of this country must, in a great measure, depend. In the West, Republicans are organizing in the election districts, with a determination "to fight and win." In the North and East the fires have been kindled on the hill tops, and sounds of preparation are heard on every side. Even the South, terrorized as it is by Ku Klux and task masters, shows signs of a resolve to contend for the enjoyment of that freedom of thought and action which was promised as the result of a long and bloody war. On all sides the signs look cheering, but it must not be forgotten that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

Democrats, in and out of Congress, say that Republicans, just on the eve of the elections, flout the "bloody shirt," and manufacture scenes of slaughter and outrage in the South to excite popular indignation. But what are the facts? It is patent to the whole country that the Democratic political engineers in certain of the Southern States, on each annual return of elections, concoct and execute a system of persecutions and murders, having as an object the terrorizing of the colored voters of the South, and the intimidation of colored Republicans, by which they may either be kept from the polls, or coerced into voting the Democratic ticket.

It is, with the Democratic managers, very desirable that these "indications" should be fresh, that they may be potent in producing the desired results. This year we have the Hamburg (S. C.) massacre, with all its inhuman cruelty. In Congress the Democratic leaders are using every effort to "squell" debate, and prevent inquiry in relation to this fiendish butchery. But it will not do. It is of the same old series of outrages, growing out of the overthrown institution of human slavery, supplemented by Ku-Kluxism in post-bellum times, and intended to prevent the casting of the colored vote, as the colored voter would wish, for the Republican nominees. No, no; if public attention is yearly directed to violence and murders in the South, it is because of the occasion being furnished by the actual commission of them by Southern Democrats. This is the horse upon which the saddle should be placed.

Bisping debates in the Senate and the House took place yesterday. Senators Merrimon and Satsburg boldly charged the Republican party with fraud and mal-administration. In reply, Senator Morton asked them to name any good act done by the Democratic party, within the last twenty-five years. They were also requested to show by what investigation in the House it had been proven that the Government had lost a single dollar. Evasion, but not answer, came from the Democratic side of the Senate.

In the House the discussion was equally lively. The iniquity of the Hamburg massacre was vividly portrayed by Smalls, of South Carolina, Garfield, of Ohio, and others. The Democratic leaders were forced into an acknowledgment of the enormity of the outrage, but made vain efforts to explain it away. They were not successful. They did not like to talk about it, but demanded "to be let alone" in the settlement of such trifling affairs as the murder of a few unprotected negroes. How will it be? Will not the National Government come to the rescue of the weak and defenseless? "Tis a consummation devoutly to be wished."

On yesterday the reports of the Committee of Conference on the Army Appropriation Bill, and the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill, were agreed to. By the former the Army is not reduced in numbers, but the whole subject of reorganizing the Army is referred to a special commission to be composed of two Senators, two Representatives, two army officers and the Secretary of War. This commission is to make report to Congress at its meeting in December next.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill appropriates ten and one-half millions less than last year. This reduction will certainly necessitate the passage of a Deficiency Appropriation Bill at next session. The change in the manner of selecting a Public Printer (heretofore known as a Congressional Printer) is probably a judicious one. Hereafter that officer will be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Formerly he was elected by and was recognized as an officer of the Senate.

The Senate conferees were successful in preventing the repeal of the laws relating to elections. This is of great importance, in view of the frauds which have for years

characterized the elections in New York City, and other places in which the Democratic party has control.

All the testimony in the trial of ex-Secretary of War Belknap was closed yesterday. Three of the managers on the part of the prosecution, and the three counsel for the defense will now be heard. The verdict will, no doubt, be rendered this week, and it will then be realized how insignificant the result requiring so much time and labor, as well as obstruction to legitimate legislation. So far as the power to punish is committed to the Senate, it is limited in this case to a simple prohibition to hold office in the future. No matter what the verdict may be, there are a large number who are of the opinion that the Senate has no jurisdiction in the case, the Secretary having resigned before proceedings were commenced by the House.

Never, within the memory of the oldest inhabitant, has there been in Washington so long a period of extremely hot weather as has occurred in the present month.

DELTA.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

The Indian War.

New York, July 28.

A Washington special says it is believed at headquarters that the forces of Crook and Gibbon are not over eighty miles apart, and can readily be brought within supporting distance. Crook feels that he is going to have hard fighting, but intends to make it decisive. It is said that there are at least 6,000 warriors in the field under Sitting Bull. It is feared the Sioux may have received accessions from the Sioux in the British possessions, which may swell the hostile forces to 10,000. The Sioux, if driven to the wall by the troops, will go north and take refuge in the British possessions. Fears are entertained that Crook may be over-matched.

A Chicago special says advices from Crook's command in camp, at the mouth of the Tongue river, Wyoming, July 24, says his troops were awaiting Gen. Merritt's arrival before menacing active operations.

A special from Terry says all are well. It is expected that Terry, under instructions, has by this time reached the confluence of the Big Horn and Yellowstone rivers. Crook wants Terry to march toward his command half way, as the Indians are in the mountains and the battles must be fought there. The Snake allies say the Sioux are occupying the mountains where Sibley's party struck them and will compel the troops to fight them inch by inch. This will be a deadly warfare. They know every foot of the ranges of which the troops are entirely ignorant. They will guard every pass and ambuscade the soldiers at every step. With plenty of dried meat and game they can make a prolonged resistance. Veteran officers say it would be wise to accept volunteers.

Tilden's Letter of Acceptance.

SARATOGA, July 28.

The arrival of Hendricks at the Grand Union Hotel this morning created quite a stir among the Democratic politicians, who are here in large numbers. He was immediately joined by ex-Senator O'Brien and others, and was conveyed to the race-track to witness the sport. Hendricks has come to meet Tilden, who has telegraphed that he will arrive here early to-morrow morning. Curtan of Pennsylvania has also been telegraphed for by Henry M. Phillips of Philadelphia. He will probably arrive to-morrow. There is to be a conference in the afternoon, which will decide the letter of acceptance. The letter, it is said, will be ready by Sunday. Phillips being an avowed hard-money man, and having great influence over Hendricks, with whom he served in the Thirty-fifth Congress, it is presumed that he will exercise some influence on the money question. Senator Bixby and a large number anti-Tammany men are here, waiting for Tilden.

Mob.

CINCINNATI, July 28.

The office of the Robertson county, Tenn., Tribune was entered by a party of masked men at an early hour yesterday and completely demolished, the press broken up and scattered in the street. The proprietor of the paper charges a leading candidate for County Judge with inciting the outrage. Great excitement prevails.

WESTERN DISPATCHES.

Small-pox—Knickerbocker Presidency

—Grangers and the Grain Ring.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.

In the Police Court to-day the case of A. B. Gentry, held for attempt to murder Jourdan yesterday was laid over till next Friday. The latter's injury threatens serious consequences.

Seventeen new cases of small-pox were reported yesterday, with two deaths, and seven to-day with one death.

J. E. De Montagnie has retired from the Presidency of the Knicker-

bocker Mining Company, on account of ill health. George H. A. Cobb has accepted the position.

The recent meeting of the Grangers in this city to devise means to break the power of the grain ring has attracted much attention in business circles and given rise to not a little comment as to the probable effect of their action. Apparently well-informed parties assert that under the present condition of affairs the farmers have the game in their hands; that the ring has not secured wheat enough to hold out beyond August, and that the Grangers have prospects of obtaining ships previously chartered by the ring at greatly reduced figures. The recent report of one ship being chartered at £2 10d is strenuously denied by parties in the interest of the ring, who call for the name of the ship without as yet obtaining any response.

Four hundred Chinamen will be sent back to China on the 14th of August.

The Mechanics' Pavilion will be opened on the 9th of August.

Ten Grand Commanders of the J. C. R. C. for the jurisdiction embracing Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona, has just received a Supreme Representative's purple belt and the Grand Commander's sword from the Ames Manufacturing Company, of Chicopee, Massachusetts. The blade is twenty-two inches long, one inch wide, and finely etched. The grip is ivory, ornamented with an engraved Helweg High Priest, and has a tont head, the latter being the only modern thing about the outfit. The space at the tip of the scabbard contains the letters D. Z., of such ancient character that a modern printer has to stand on his head to read them. The letters stand for Darius and Zoroaster. The Ames Manufacturing Company writes that it built the sword over thirty-five years ago, and it is intended to represent a weapon which was in use 2000 years ago.

The Columbians are trying to have the county seat of Esmeralda county removed from Aurora to their camp.

TOMB.

THOMAS—At Esmeralda Gap, July 27, 1876, Wm. Thomas, aged 45 years, a native of Cornwall, England.

SCHWARTZ—In Reno, July 28, infant son of S. Schwartz.

FRUIT, ETC.

POULTRY, FISH & FRUIT STORE

C. A. SIMMONS.

Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

FRUIT.

FRESH FISH

POULTRY,

EGGS,

PRESERVES,

CANDIES,

NUTS,

—AND—

VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS.

—WHICH I WILL SELL—

At the Very Lowest Market Prices

Having a New Delivery Wagon I am now

prepared to deliver goods to any part of the city

free of charge.

Reno, April 1, 1872.

C. A. SIMMONS.

Commercial Hotel Reno, Nev.

(One door west of the Postoffice.)

GEORGE W. CUNNINGHAM

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE

best assortment of

Family Groceries, Fruit, Vegetables, Sugar, Coffee,

Tea, Spices, Bacon, Ham, Butter, Eggs,

Fresh and Dried Fruit, Cakes of all

Kinds, Canned Fruit, Canned Vegetables,

Canned Corn, Canned Apples and

Sardines, Canned Oysters and

Candy, Tobacco, Cigars,

Baskets and Brooms,

Which we will sell at the lowest market price

Call and see for yourself.

GEO. W. CUNNINGHAM.

Commercial Hotel Reno, Nev.

(One door west of the Postoffice.)

FANCY, VARIETY AND FRUIT

STORE!

C. J. BRIDGES, Proprietor,

Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts,

Etc. A full assortment of Fine French Candies,

also Toys, Fancy Articles and the Latest

Street Music, Stationery and Blank Books. Foreign

and domestic

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

Of the best staple brands. All kinds of Stencil

Plates and Rubber Waxed down to order. Silver

Plated Door Plates, Musical Instruments, School

bagged Edge "Lead Glass Lamp Chimneys," warranted

not to break from heat. In a word anything

and everything you want can be found at

C. J. BRIDGES.

N. J. SALISBURY

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO,

DEALERS IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Confectioneries,

Provisions,

Tobacco,

and Cigars.

NEW VARIETY STORE.

(East side Virginia St., near Capital Restaurant.)

Napoleon B. Jones, Prop.

NUTS, CANDIES, CIGARS, ETC.

Constantly on hand, and for sale as cheap as the

apoc. cheaply. Give him a trial.

HAGERMAN'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

J. C. HAGERMAN,

Begs to announce to his friends and the public generally that he has on hand at considerably reduced prices a full line of

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS

COFFEES: Costa Rica, Central America and Java.
TEAS: English Breakfast and Japan.
SPICES: Ground and Whole.
RICE: Carolina and China.
SUGARS: All kinds.

AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Yeast Powders, Soda, Salaratus and Cream
Tarter, Bacon, Hams and Pickled Pork, Lard, Fresh Butter and
Cheese, Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal, Cracked Wheat, Hominy,
Pearl Barley and Split Peas, Sago, Farina, Tapioca, and Des-
sicated Coconut, Extracts and Essences of all kinds.

Fancy Groceries, consisting of Crosse & Blackwell's
Goods, Sauces and Ketchups, Fatted and Devilled
Meats, Salt Fish, Mackerel, Salmon and
Genuine George's Codfish of my own
Importation, Illuminating and Lub-
ricating Oils of all kinds, Can-
dles of every description,
Paints, Oils and Putty.

Rubber Paint, "the
best Paint in the
World," for
which
I am the
sole Agent for
Reno, Powder, Fuse,
Shot, Wadding and Caps,
Hardware for the Builders,
Mechanics, Farmers and Sports-
man's use. A Full Line of Tinware,
Ropes, Cordage, Wood and Willow Ware,
Baskets of Every Description, and Paper

Mache Goods. Crockery and Glassware, any-
thing and everything from a Plate to Dinner Set,
Goblets, Glasses and Mugs, for Family, Restaurant and
Barroom use. Glass Sets, from \$1 00 up. China Tea Sets,
from \$12 00 up. Table Cutlery of every style and variety. A
Complete Assortment of Pocket Knives, Bar Blades, Lime Knives
and Lime Squeezers of the latest styles, Corkscrews from 25cts up to \$3 00.

Lamp Stock of every kind. Lamp Chimneys of all shapes. Also
the celebrated "BASTIE" Chimney, WARRANTED NOT TO BREAK. Jugs,
Crocks and Jars.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Choice Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, California and French Brandy,
Gin, Sherry and Port Wine, Bitters and Syrups for Barrooms.

A Full Line of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco. Sole Agent in Reno
for Lewis Bros' Cigars, "Ratons" and other Brands, which will be sold
to dealers at Factory Prices.

GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY
FREE OF CHARGE.

I Call Special Attention to Promptness and Fairness in Filling
Orders from a Distance. I guarantee satisfaction in all cases and solicit
patronage.

J. C. HAGERMAN,
(Masone Building, facing Honey Lake Road), Reno, Nevada.

merch.

1876! TO THE READING PUBLIC! 1876!

Farmer, Miner and Merchant

In the State of Nevada should have the

WEEKLY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED AT RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA,

ONLY \$1.00 A YEAR!

CHEAPEST WEEKLY PAPER IN THE STATE!

Contains Twenty-Eight Columns of Reading Matter Once a Week For

Twelve Months, and All For \$1.00.

SUBSCRIPTION INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE!

Send It To Your Eastern Friends!

THE WEEKLY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

—IS A—

JOURNAL FOR THE PEOPLE!

Impartial in Tone, and Essentially a

FAMILY AND BUSINESS NEWSPAPER.

The Publisher trusts it will reflect, in a modest way, and as far as

its patronage will warrant, some of the best features of MODERN JOURNAL-

ISM. It works for the true interests of the busy State and town in which it

is located; seeks the moral, intellectual and industrial welfare of its people

and hopes to honestly inform and innocently amuse its readers.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS,

C. C. FOWNING,

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA.

WARD TIMES

The Austin *Reveille* pictures a hard winter for that town. If for no other reason we would like to see silver advance, so that Austin might be benefited. The *Reveille* says:

The sudden annulling of the wood contracts of the Manhattan Co. has had the effect of driving a large number of men out of employment. These men have been for some time engaged in making preparations for the delivery of wood, the letting of the contracts having been delayed beyond the usual time. After the thing had got fairly started and everything was running along smoothly, the sudden and serious decline in the value of silver compelled the Manhattan Company to annul the contracts, and the consequence is that many of the wood dealers find themselves seriously embarrassed and the choppers, teamsters and coal-burners are left without employment in the middle of what should be the busy season. Not only this, but nearly all these men are in debt to the merchants, who must suffer losses in consequence; so that, on the whole, the stoppage of the wood industry develops into a small calamity. How affairs may be three months hence, when the Company's supplies now on hand are exhausted, it is hard to determine; but it is patent that if there is not a marked improvement in the price of silver or something, is not done for relief, this camp is destined to suffer a pretty tight time during the coming winter.

Probable Future of Carson Valley.

The Carson Valley News, published at Genoa, draws the annexed gloomy picture of that section of the country:

A few more years, and the beautiful pine forests that surround Lake Tahoe and cover the eastern slopes of the Sierras from the Truckee to the Silver King will have been laid low by the woodman's ax. The splendid mountain lake, the wonder and admiration of the world, will then look like a frog pond in the desert, and the grand old peaks of the Sierras will lift up their bald heads to the sky the very emblems of desolation. The snow that falls on them during the winter months will dissolve almost instantly when exposed to the hot rays of the summer sun and pass off in a body to flood the valleys below. This done, Carson Valley will be left a barren waste for the remainder of the summer and fall, and the mills along from Empire to Dayton, run by the drainage of the Sierras Tunnel. Perhaps we are putting it in too strong a light; but, undoubtedly, the wood business promises to inflict upon our farming interests irreparable injury.

A towns in Illinois has been divided and one half named Custer.

MEAT MARKETS.

MEAT MARKET.

Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.

NORTON & CO., Proprietors.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HAVING RE-PURCHASED THIS OLD AND well-known market, we will continue to furnish the very best.

MUTTON, BEEF, VEAL, PORK.

Lowest Market Rates.

By square dealing and close attention to business, we expect to merit and receive our share of patronage.

NORTON & CO.

Reno, July 31, 1875.

RENO MARKET.

Commercial Row.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB AND SAUSAGE.

Of every description known in this market.

HAM, BACON AND LARD.

Prepared under the supervision of the proprietors.

Meat delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

HARK & SCHAEFER.

ANTI-MONOPOLY.

LIVE AND LET LIVE.

BEHOLD! ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC that the best of

MARKET.

Commercial Row.

BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB AND SAUSAGE.

At 100 MAHAGEN, (in season.)

1875, U. 1875.

HOTELS.

CAPITAL CHOP HOUSE.

—AND—

SALOON.

Corner of Commercial Row and Virginia Street.

RENO, NEVADA.

J. J. BECKER, Proprietor.

THE MOST PLEASANT REST

in the town to get a comfortable meal. The table is always

of the market and every care is taken to have the

and served at all hours in any style desired.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

Fresh and Transplanted Oysters always on hand

and served at all hours in any style desired.

THE BAR

Is stocked with the finest of

WINE, LIQUORS,

AND CIGARS.

Our friends and the public generally are re-

commended to favor us with the patronage, and we

guarantee their satisfaction.

J. J. BECKER.

Probable Future of Carson Valley.

DEPOT HOTEL.

AT THE DEPOT, RENO, NEVADA.

WILLIAM R. CHAMBERLAIN,

PROPRIETOR.

ALL THE ATTRACTIVE OF A FIRST-CLASS

HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

ALL THE

PASSENGER TRAINS STOP

In front of the Hotel.

The Office of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Ex-

press is in this Building.

Commenced with this Hotel is a first-class

LUNCH ROOM

—AND—

OYSTER SALOON.

Where passengers from the cars, and all other

desiring a "square meal," can get Oysters in

every style, Clams, Crabs, Pigs Feet,

Gold Meats, Hot Coffee and Tea, and all

other delicacies.

WM. R. CHAMBERLAIN,

Proprietor.

WOODCOCK CHOP HOUSE,

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEV.

OFFERS FIRST-CLASS BOARD.

MEALS COOKED TO ORDER.

FISH, FLESH

OR FOWL.

To suit the taste of the most fastidious.

Everything about the premises new

and clean.

TRANSPLANTED OYSTER

ALWAYS ON HAND.

ATTACHED IS A LADIES ICE CREAM

SALOON.

Family Dinners a Specialty.

S. E. WELCH, Agent.

HARRIS HOUSE,

(Near of the Passenger Depot, Reno.)

J. D. POLLARD, Proprietor.

RESPECTFULLY CALLS THE ATTENTION

of the public to the fact that he is still

Proprietor of the above hotel, and is still

devoting to please all who call upon him.

THE TABLE

Will at all times be supplied with the choicest

Viands the Market Affords.

THE ROOMS

Throughout are furnished in a style

the most fastidious.

THE BAR

Is always supplied with the best brands of choice

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

PACIFIC HOTEL,

PLAZA STREET, RENO, NEV.

R. LEPPER, Proprietor.

RESPECTFULLY CALLS THE ATTENTION

of his friends to the fact that he is still

Proprietor of the above hotel, and is still

devoting to please all who call upon him.

THE TABLE

Is at all times supplied with the best market

affords cooked by white women.

THE ROOMS

Are kept clean and wholesome at all times.

STRICTLY A TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

R. LEPPER, Prop.

MINING NOTICES.

CLEOPATRA GOLD AND SILVER

MINING CO.—Location of principal

place of business, Reno, Washoe county, Nev.

Location of works, Nevada Mining District,

Washoe county, Nevada.

Notice—There are delinquent upon the follow-

ing described stock, on account of assessment

(No. 4) levied on the 24th day of June, 1875, the

several amounts set opposite the names of the

respective shareholders as follows:

Reno, July 1st, 1875.

Names. No. Cert. Shrs. Amt.

Marshall, J. B. 1234 10 10.00

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MISCELLANEOUS.

HAS RETURNED!

DR. SPINNEY & CO.

Would most respectfully announce to the effect

that they have reopened a Branch Office

at

Cor. Union and C Streets,

(Opp. International Hotel)

VIRGINIA CITY, NEVADA.

Where the still continue to treat Chronic and

Private Diseases with unparalleled success.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

Remember that procrastination is the thief of

time. If you are ill

COME AND BE HEALED!

IF YOU MATTERS NOT what your troubles may be

come and let the Doctors examine your case.

It will cost you nothing for examination, so

place all our safety prospects, whether they

understand your case. If feasible they will tell

you; if not, they will tell you that, for they

will not undertake a case unless a confident of

effecting a cure.

YOUNG MEN!

Why may be suffering from the effects of youth-

ful indiscretions with all the evils that attend

the disease, and the greatest loss ever inflicted

on the system, and which may be cured by the

use of our medicine, which is a safe and

reliable remedy, and which will cure you of

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